

Standard errors to accompany

Table 2: Number of persons 18 or older with diabetes by selected demographic characteristics and insurance status, and percent with specific medical examinations and routine check-ups, 2000

Population characteristics	Percent who had Hemoglobin A_{1c} test	Percent who had feet checked for sores or irritations	Percent who had an eye exam in which pupils were dilated**	Percent with routine check-up within past 12 months
Total	1.60	1.69	1.81	1.41
Age				
Age 18-64	1.97	2.26	2.48	1.77
65 and older	2.61	2.64	2.74	1.77
Race/ Ethnicity and Age				
White and other	1.85	2.36	2.28	1.83
Age 18-64	2.53	2.95	2.90	2.34
65 and older	3.09	3.34	3.21	2.30
Black	4.43	4.27	4.69	2.27
Age 18-64	6.22	6.52	6.14	2.93
65 and older	--	--	--	--
Hispanic	3.54	4.01	4.05	3.51
Age 18-64	4.20	5.18	5.25	4.26
65 and older	--	--	--	--
Sex and Age				
Male	2.62	2.25	2.88	1.73
Age 18-64	3.24	3.03	3.60	2.46
65 and older	4.26	3.29	4.27	2.38
Female	1.97	2.34	2.13	1.78
Age 18-64	2.27	3.26	3.01	2.11
65 and older	3.56	3.70	3.09	2.49

Health Insurance and Age				
Any private	2.10	2.33	2.35	1.56
Age 18-64	2.62	2.58	2.95	1.89
65 and older	3.62	4.22	3.95	1.87
Public only	2.83	2.99	2.90	2.41
Age 18-64	5.26	5.57	4.32	4.92
65 and older	3.67	3.67	3.73	2.63
Uninsured	5.02	5.85	6.17	4.51
Age 18-64	5.04	5.89	6.18	4.53
65 and older	--	--	--	--

** Percentages in this column include those having an eye exam in 2000 through the early part of 2001.

-- Cell size under 100 observations or standard error equal to or greater than 30 percent.

Note: The diabetes population for Table 1 is based on answering “yes” to a question in the Priority Conditions section of the MEPS questionnaire, whereas the diabetes population for Table 2 is based on completing the MEPS Diabetes Care Supplement.

Source: Center for Cost and Financing Studies, AHRQ, Medical Expenditure Panel Survey, 2000.